CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY East Germany REPORT Development of Geiger-Mueller Counters DATE DISTR. SUBJECT 7 September 1955 at VEB Transformatoren - und Roentgenwerk, Dresden (TRARO) NO. OF PAGES DATE OF INFO. 25X1 REQUIREMENT NO. PLACE ACQUIRED REFERENCES DATE ACQUIRED This is UNEVALUATED Information

THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT ARE DEFINITIVE.

THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE.

(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

- 1. In 1954, the development of various types of Geiger-Mueller radiation counters was completed by the Radiation Measurement Sub-Section of the X-Ray, Radiation, and Electrical Therapy. Section of VEB Transformatorenund Roentgenwerk Dresden. This sub-section is headed by Eng. Frommhold (fnu) During 1954, 90 Geiger-Mueller counters of all types were delivered to the USSR. In 1955, 600 counters are to be delivered there.
- The following are the types of Geiger-Mueller counters so far developed by the Dresden enterprise;
 - Type Series IA: This series consists of the types IA1, IA10, IA100, and IA300. The types IA1, IA10, and IA100 are used for counting X-rays and gamma rays from 20 keV to 3 MeV and for hard beta rays over 1 MeV. The type IA300 is used for counting X-rays and gamma rays from 50 keV to 1 MeV. The tubes are made of glass with a small potassium content and are provided with a graphite layer cathode. The filling is self-extinguishing (Selmstloeschende Fuellung). The following table lists the technical data of the counter types of this series:

Type Effective volume in cubic	IAl	<u> IA10</u>	<u>IA100</u>	<u> 14300</u>
centimeters, about	1	10	100	300
Total length in millimemers	115	160	270	475
Largest diameter in millimeters	20	20	25	40
Wall strength in mg/cm ² , about	35	35	35	140
Input voltage in volts	1,000	1,000	1.000	1.000
Minimum plateau length in volts	160	200	240	220
Plateau rise in % per 200 volts	Less than	Loce tha	n Less	Less than
Thomas Admira a community	10	8	than 5	5
Dead time in micro-seconds Zero effect in impulses per	40	60	160	200
minute, about	20 10	100	275-	650
Minimum life term in impulses	10° SECRET	100 108	²⁷⁵ 8	650 8 10

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b. Type Series IB: This series consists of types IB1, IB10, and IB100.
All three types can be used for the counting of X rays and gamma rays over 20 KeV and hard beta rays over 1 MeV. They are particularly sensitive to X Rays from 60 keV to 120 keV. The counter tube is made of glass with a small potassium content and is provided with a cathode of precious metal. The filling is self-extinguishing. The following table lists the technical data of the counter types of this series:

Type	IB1	110 10	13100 100
Effective volume in Cubic contineters, about	115	160	270
Total length in millimeters Largest diameter in millimeters	20	20	25
Wall strength in mg/cm ² , about	35	35	35
Input voltage in volts	1,000	1,000	1,000
Minimum plateau length in volts	160	200	240
Plateau rise in % per 100 volts	Teas tur	n Less than	5
Dead time in micro-seconds	40	100	160
Zero effect in impulses per minute, about	20 ₈	1008	²⁷⁵ 8
Minimum life term in impulses	108	10 ⁸	10_

Type Series IC: This series consists of types IC10, IC100, and IC300.

Types IC10 and IC100 can be used for counting weak X rays and gamma rays from 20 keV to 3 MeV and for hard beta rays over 1 MeV. Type IC300 can be used for weak X rays and gamma rays from 50 MeV to 3 MeV, and in particular for cosmic radiation. The counter tube is made of glass with a small potassium content and is provided with an outside layer cathode (Maze Counter). The filling is self-extinguishing. The following table lists the technical data of the counter types of this series:

Type	<u> 1010</u>	10100	<u>IC300</u>
Effective volume in cubic centimesers,	10 160	100 270	300 475
Total length in millimeters Largest diameter in millimeters	20 35	25 35 ·	40 140
Wall strength in mg/cm ² , about Input voltage in volts Minimum plateau length in volts	1,000 300	1,000	1,000
Plateau rise in # per 100 volts	Less than	Less than	Less than
Dead time in micro-seconds Zero effect in impulses per minute, about Minimum life term in impulses	70a	²⁰⁰ 8	650a

d. Type Series IIB: This series consists of types IIB3, IIB10, IIB100.
They can be used for counting X rays and gamma rays from 50 keV to 3
MeV. The counter tube is made of glass with a small potassium content
and is previded with a copper cathode 0.1 millimeter thick and nickelised by galvanization. The filling is self-extinguishing. The following table lists the technical data of the counter types of this series:

Type	IIB3	IIB10	<u> IIB100</u>
Effective volume in cubic centimeters, about	3	10	100
	115	145	270
Total length in millimeters Largest diameter in millimeters	20	25	30
Input voltage in volts Minimum plateau length in volts	1,000	1,000	1,000
	160	200	240
Plateau rise in % per 100 volts	Less than	Less than	Less than
Dead time in micro-seconds	50	100	160
Zero effect in impulses per minute, about	20	100	200
Minimum life term in impulses	10	10	10

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Type Series IIC: This series consists of types IIC100 and IIC300.

These types are used for counting hard gamma rays and cosmic rays.

The counter tubes are made of glass with a small potassium content and are provided with a copper cathode 0.3 millimeters thick which is nickelized through galvanization. The filling is self-extinguishing. The following table lists the technical data of the counter types of this series:

Type	IIC100	110300
Effective volume in cubic cm., about	100	300
Total length in mallimeters	270	475
Largest diameter in millimeters	30	40
Input voltage in volts	1,000	1,000
Minimum plateau length in volts	250	250
Plateau rise in % per 100 volts	Less than	Less than
	5	5
Dead time in micro-seconds	160	200
Zero effect in impulses per minute, about	160	400
Minimum life term in impulses	10 ⁸	10 °

f. Type Series IV: This series consists of the following types: IVAlO, IVClO and IVElO. They can be used as interference counters for X rays with wave lengths from 1 to 2 angstrom units. The counter tubes are made of glass with a small potassium content and are provided with a radiation window. The filling is self-extinguishing. The window material of type IVAlO is Lindemann glass, that of IVClO is silicate glass and that of IVElO is mica. The window diameter is 10 millimeters for all three types. The following table lists the technical data of the counter types of this series:

Eype	IVA10	IVC10	IVE10
Effective volume in cubic om, about	10	10	10
Total length in millimeters	150	165	150
Largest diameter in millimeters	25	25	25
Wall strength in mg/cm ² , about	250	20	50
Input voltage in volts	1,000	1,000	1,000
Minimum plateau length in volts	250	250	250
Plateau rise in \$ per 100 volts	Less than	Less than	Less than
	5	5	5
Dead time in micro-seconds	100	100	100
Zero effect in impulses per minute,	about 100	100	100
Minimum life term in impulses	100	10	10 ⁵

The appended sketch shows <u>Sockelung</u> diagrams of the counter tubes with the essential dimensions indicated in millimeters. "B" is the diagram for types IA300, IC300 and IIC300. "A" is the diagram for all other types mentioned in this report.

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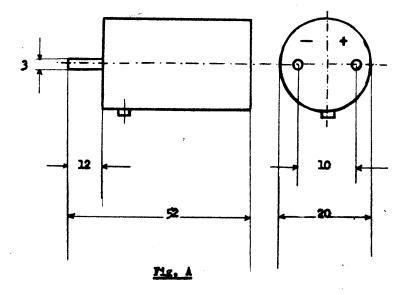


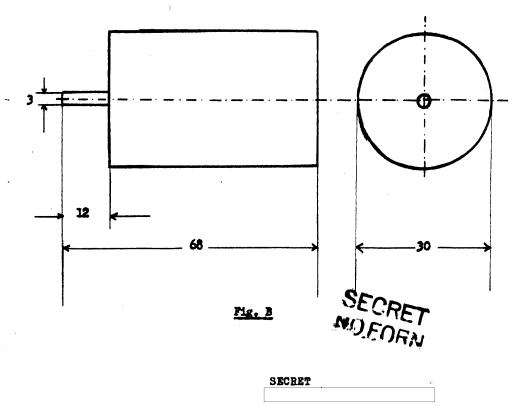
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Diagrams of Geiger-Hueller Counters

(All dimensions in millimeters)





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